Alumina Shell Enhancement of Micron-sized Aluminum Powder and Its Anti-oxidized Properties

LIU Yang, JIAO Qing-jie, YAN Shi, WANG Hui-xin, SUN Ya-lun, REN Hui

(State Key laboratory of Explosion Science and Technology, Beijing Institute of Technology, Beijing 100081, China)

Abstract: To increase the anti-oxidized properties of the micron-sized aluminum powder with shell-core structure, four kinds of micron-sized aluminum powder with different granularity (2.51,5.20,13.35,24.02 μ m) were slowly heated to 650 °C by a synchronous thermal analyzer at a heating rate of 20 °C · min⁻¹ in the oxygen atmosphere to realize the enhancement of the alumina shell of micron-sized aluminum powder. The thermal response behavior of micron-sized aluminum powder before and after treating in slowly heating condition was investigated by the thermogravimetric analysis technique. The oxidation products at different stages were analyzed by scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and X-ray diffraction (XRD). Results show that after the the alumina shell is strengthened, the alumina shell of the micron-sized aluminum powder changes from amorphous state to γ state and the compactness increases. At the same time, the thickness of alumina shell of four kinds of micron-sized aluminum powder samples increases to 3.3–5.9 times of the original thickness. Under the condition of maintaining the high activity of micron-sized aluminum powder, the phase change and thickening of the alumina shell make the aluminum powder do not oxidize in the oxidative environment during slowly heating process below 1350 °C, still maintain higher activity and increase the anti-oxidized properties greatly. The mechanism of slow oxidation of the micron-sized aluminum powder is changed from "shell broken" reaction mechanism with weight gain in stages to oxidation inhibition mechanism after the the alumina shell is strengthened.

Key words: micron-sized aluminum powders; core-shell structure, alumina shell enhancement, thermal response, anti-oxidized behavior

CLC number: TJ55; O65 **Document code:** A **DOI:** 10.11943/CJEM2017293

《含能材料》"含能共晶"征稿

含能共晶是不同含能分子通过氢键等相互作用力形成的具有稳定结构和性能的分子晶体。含能共晶充分组合了单质含能分子的优点,呈现出感度低,综合性能优良的特点,具有潜在的应用前景,共晶研究已经引起国内外含能材料学界的高度关注。为推动含能共晶的研究和交流,本刊特推出"含能共晶"专栏,主要征稿范围包括含能共晶晶体设计与性能预测、含能共晶的制备、结构解析、性能等。来稿请注明"含能共晶"专栏。

《含能材料》"观点"征稿

为了丰富学术交流形式,及时传递含能材料领域同行们的学术观点和思想,《含能材料》开设了"观点"栏目。"观点"栏目的来稿应观点鲜明、内容新颖、形式上短小精悍。欢迎含能材料各领域的专家积极来稿。来稿时请附个人简介及主要研究工作介绍。

《含能材料》编辑部