The Cook-off Test and its Numerical Simulation of RDX

FENG Chang-gen, ZHANG Rui, CHEN Lang Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 193

The response of RDX explosives is carried out by cook-off test. The calculation of the ignition time and ignition point is researched by numerical simulation. The results show that the explosive can be ignited when the temperature is higher enough and the results of calculation have a good agreement.

Study on Interaction between CL-20 and Dendritic Bonding Agent

PAN Bi-feng, LUO Yun-jun, TAN Hui-min Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 199

Dendritic bonding agent (DBA) and CL-20 were mixed in the water and then dried in the air for further detection. The interaction between DBA and CL-20 was determined by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and scanning electronic microscope (SEM).

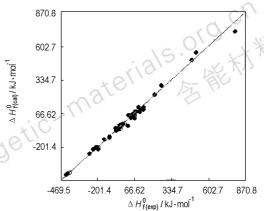
Thermal Decomposition Processes and Non-isothermal Kinetics of KDNBF

LI Yu-feng, ZHANG Tong-lai, ZHANG Jian-guo

*Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 203

The thermal decomposition mechanisms of KDNBF were studied by using DSC, TG-DTG and FT-IR techniques. The Arrhenius parameters were also studied on the first-step decomposition using Kissinger's method and Ozawa-Doyle's method. The Arrhenius equation can be expressed as $\ln k = 45.2 - 192600/RT$, on the basis of the average of E_a and $\ln A$ through this work and others in literature.

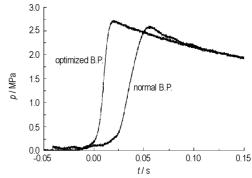
Prediction of the Enthalpy of Formation for Aromatic Polynitro Compounds with Artificial Neural Network



WANG Fang, LIU Jian-hong, TIAN De-yu, CHEN Li, ZHAO Feng-qi, HONG Wei-liang, LI Cui-hua, ZHANG Xue-li Hanneng Cailiao ,2004 ,12(4) ; 207

A queli A quantitative relationship is found between the structures and enthalpies of formation of aromatic polynitro compounds. The molecular structures of the examined compounds are selectively described by molecular structure describers (MSD). Enthalpies of formation at 298 K are estimated with satisfactory result by artificial neural network method based on the above MSD.

Design of the Ingredients of Black Powder Based on the Least Free-energy Law



CUI Qing-zhong, JIAO Qing-jie Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 214 The low-polluted, low-eroded ingredients of black powder was designed by using law of the least free-energy. Comparisons of optimized black powder and normal black powder were also carried out.

The Manufacture of Coarse TATB

$$\label{eq:total_total_total_total} $\operatorname{TCTNB} \xrightarrow{\ \ \, } \operatorname{TATB}(\ particle\ formation}) \longrightarrow \operatorname{TATB}(\ particle\ growth})$$$

HUANG Ming, CHEN Song-lin, JIANG Kai, MENG Li Hanneng Cailiao , 2004 , 12(4) : 218

Coarse TATB was synthesized by way that anhydrous-gaseous ammonia was input on the surface of toluene solution, which solved trichlorotrinitrobenzene (TCTNB) in a high-pressured reactor after some time continuous stirring at eligible temperature. The two dynamical processes of TATB particle forming and growing in reaction systems were taken place together.

Theoretical Study on Structures and Properties of Furazan and its Radicals

ZHANG Chao-yang, SHU Yuan-jie, WANG Xin-feng, HUANG Yi-gang, DONG Hai-shan, LI jin-shan Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 222

The structures and properties (optimization, molecular vibration, thermodynamics, activation of reaction and stability) of furazan and its radicals are studied theoretically by using DMol³.

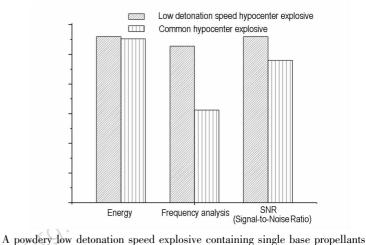
Experimental Studies on Strain-rate Effects of Mechanical Behaviors of Energetic Materials

strainrate=180 s 40 strainrate=450 s⁻¹ strainrate=640 s-1 35 strainrate=9.26e-5 s strainrate=9.17e-4 s 30 strainrate=9.40e-3 s⁻¹ 25 20 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.00 true-strain

WU Hui-min, LU Fang-yun, LU Li, SONG Xian-cun Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 227

-cun Compressive behaviors of three energetic materials have been tested by means of split Hopkinson pressure bars (SHPB) technique and hydraulic material test at different strain-rates. Stress-strain curves of the materials at strain rates from ($10^{-4} \sim 10^2 \ \mathrm{s}^{-1}$) under normal ambient condition have been obtained.

Development of Powdery Low Detonation Velocity Explosives from Propellants



has been prepared and its technics has been studied. Some factors influencing the performance of the explosive, such as the grainsize of single base propellants, the content of covering reagent and desensitized reagent, the density of the explosive, are studied as well as the low temperature performance of explosives, the voluminal power, the mechanical sensitivity and the detonation speeds of explosives in different diameters in this thesis. The ap-

plied effect of the low detonation speed explosives for oil field exploration is

also analyzed.

CAI Sheng, WEI Xiao-an, WANG Ze-shan Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 231

The Measurement and Numerical Simulation of the Projectile Deformation in Susan Test

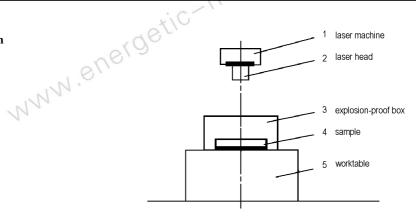
DAI Xiao-gan, HAN Dun-xin, XIANG Yong, LI Tao Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 235 Low speed Susan test has been done. The boundary of aluminum shell wrapped by the smog is measured by X-ray. Numerical calculation is applied, and the pressure and strain of the explosive are analyzed primarily.

Study on the Activity and Shelf-life Prediction of Nano-aluminium Powder

FAN Jing-hui, ZHANG Kai, WU Ju-ying, MA Yan Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 239

The activities of different aluminium powder were studied by means of gasometric mehod. The shelf-life prediction of nano-aluminium was studied by accelerated test and Berthlot method.

Experimental Study on Laser Initiation of Common Explosive Initiator Composition



WEI Ai-yong, GUO Xue-bin, ZHANG Jie-tao *Hanneng Cailiao*, 2004, 12(4): 243

The laser sensitivity of several initiating powder was studied experimentally. Results show that they have different Laser sensitivity owing to the fact that the laser absorption coefficient to fixed wavelength and frequency is variable from different initiating powder, and the same kind of initiating powder with different grain diameter and powder thickness has different laser sensitivity.

Experimental Study on Single Ignition of Mixed Ternary Fuel

WANG De-run, SHEN Zhao-wu, ZHOU Ting-qing Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 246 Based on dispersed detonation, experimental study on unconfined volume dispersion and single ignition of few dosage of mixed ternary fuel is successfully done.

Experimental Investigation on Damage to Charges Covered Shell by Rod Warhead

SONG Pu, YU Jian-bin, LIANG An-ding, LI Bao-hua Hanneng Cailiao, 2004, 12(4): 249 The damage experiments were made by real rod warhead to the charges covering steel shell. The damage effects of rod-fragments and shock wave overpressure to the targets were analyzed and compared with the calculation results.

Application of Acoustic Emission Technique in Energetic Materials

GAO Deng-pan,ZHENG Jia-gui,TIAN Yong, ZHANG Wei-bin

Hanneng Cailiao , 2004 , 12(4) : 252

The principle and the development of acoustic emission testing have been introduced simply in this paper, at the same time, the application and the research emphases of acoustic emission technology in the field of the energetic material have been given.